
500KHZ CMOS Rail-to-Rail IO Opamp with RF Filter

1 Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 500KHz (Typ)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max)
- Quiescent Current: 18μA per Amplifier (Typ)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter
- Small Package:
 - MCOA8531 Available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 Packages
 - MCOA8532 Available in SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DIP-8 Packages
 - MCOA8534 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

2 Applications

- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Medical Communication
- Smoke Detectors
- Audio Output
- Piezoelectric Transducer Amplifier
- Medical Instrumentation
- Portable Systems

3 Description

The MCOA8531/8532/8534 family have a high gain-bandwidth product of 500KHz, a slew rate of 0.2V/μs, and a quiescent current of 18μA /amplifier at 5V. The MCOA8531/8532/8534 family is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for MCOA8531/8532/8534 family. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40 to +125). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The MCOA8531 single is available in Green SC70-5 and SOT23-5 packages. The MCOA8532 Dual is available in Green SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DIP-8 packages. The MCOA8534 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

4 Pin Configuration

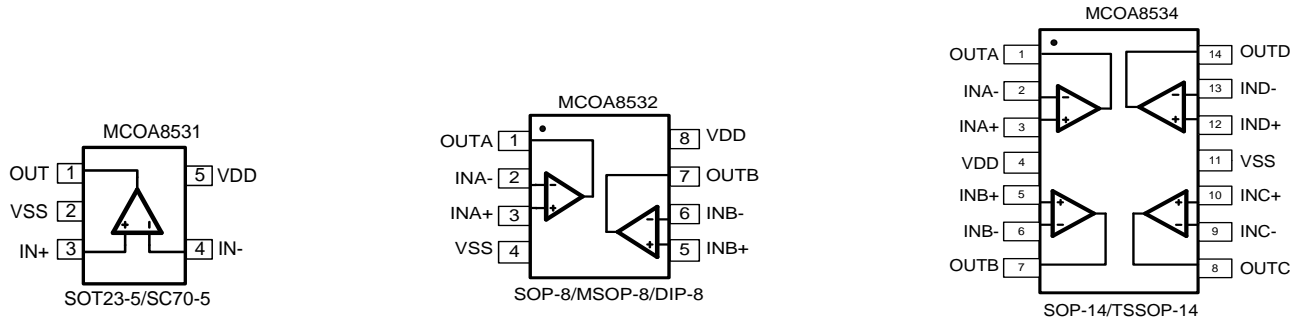


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram

5 Specifications

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power Supply voltage(V_{CC} to V_{SS})	-0.5		7.5	V
Analog Input Voltage($IN+$ or $IN-$)	$V_{SS}-0.5$		$V_{DD}+0.5$	V
PDB Input voltage	$V_{SS}-0.5$		7	V
Operating Temperature Range	-40		125	°C
Junction Temperature		160		°C
Storage temperature range	-55		150	°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)		260		°C

5.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge	HBM	6000	V
	MM	300	

5.3 Package Thermal Resistance ($T_A=+25$)

			UNIT
$R_{\theta JA}$ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	SOP-8	125	°C/W
	MSOP-8	216	
	SOT23-5	190	
	SC70-5	333	

NOTE: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

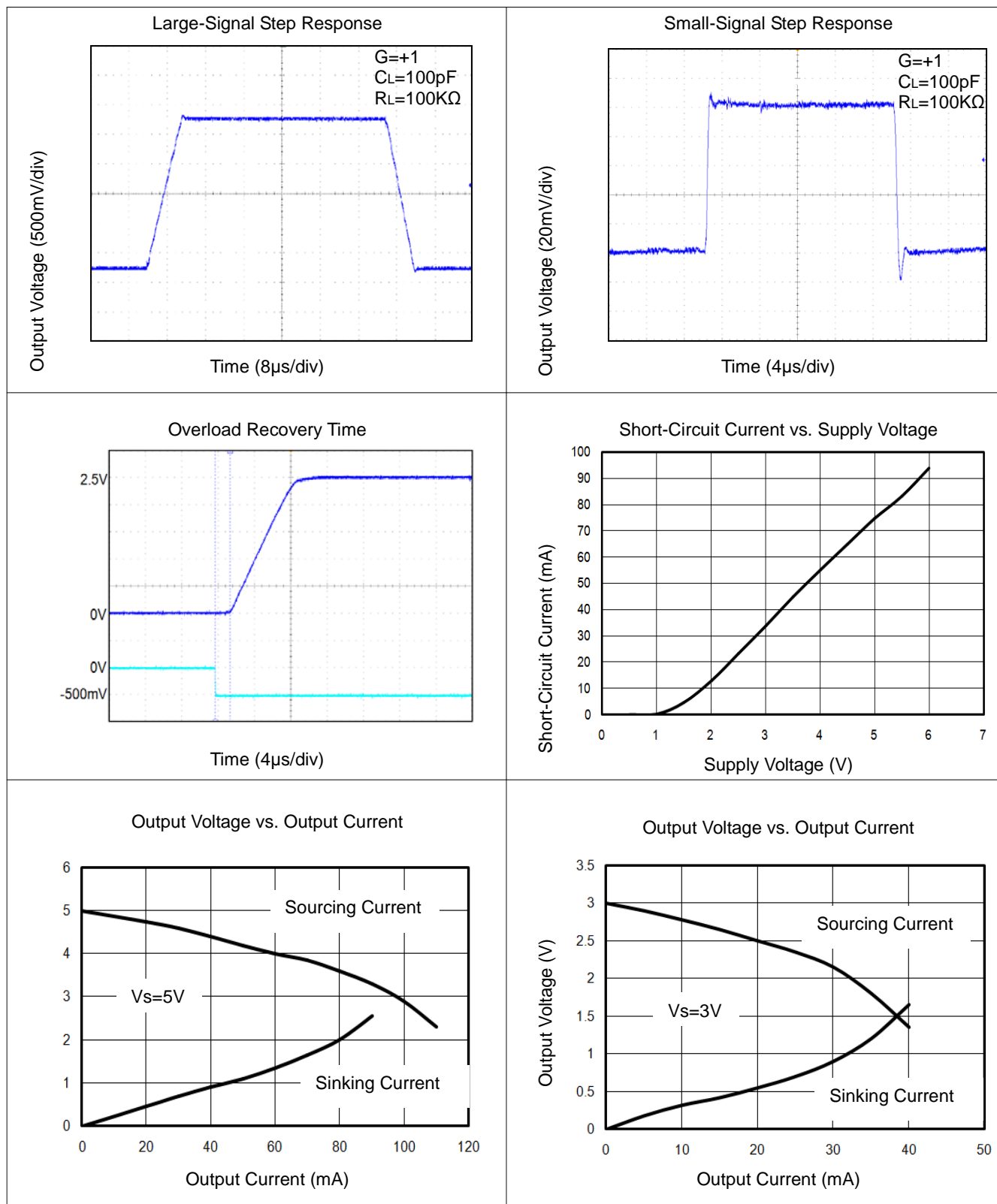
5.4 Electrical Characteristics

At $V_S = +5V$, $R_L = 100k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ (unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MCOA8531/8532/8534				
			TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE			
			+25°C	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C	UNITS	MIN/MAX
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}	V _{CM} = V _S /2	0.4	3.5	5.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current	I _B		1			pA	TYP
Input Offset Current	I _{OS}		1			pA	TYP
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V	TYP
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _S = 5.5V, V _{CM} = -0.1V to 4V	70	62	62	dB	MIN
		V _S = 5.5V, V _{CM} = -0.1V to 5.6V	68	56	55		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A _{OL}	R _L = 5kΩ, V _O = +0.1V to +4.9V	80	70	70	dB	MIN
		R _L = 10kΩ, V _O = +0.1V to +4.9V	100	94	85		
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{OS} /ΔT		2.7			μV/°C	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V _{OH}	R _L = 100kΩ	4.997	4.990	4.980	V	MIN
	V _{OL}	R _L = 100kΩ	3	10	20	mV	MAX
	V _{OH}	R _L = 10kΩ	4.992	4.970	4.960	V	MIN
	V _{OL}	R _L = 10kΩ	8	30	40	mV	MAX
Output Current	I _{SOURCE}	R _L = 10Ω to V _S /2	84	60	45	mA	MIN
	I _{SINK}		75	60	45		
POWER SUPPLY							
Operating Voltage Range				2.1	2.5	V	MIN
				5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _S = +2.5V to +5.5V, V _{CM} = +0.5V	82	60	58	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	I _Q		18			μA	TYP
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL = 100pF)							
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP		500			KHz	TYP
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.2			V/μs	TYP
Settling Time to 0.1%	t _S	G = +1, 2V Output Step	18			μs	TYP
Overload Recovery Time		V _{IN} · Gain = V _S	16			μs	TYP
NOISE PERFORMANCE							
Voltage Noise Density	e _n	f = 1kHz	33			nV/√ Hz	TYP
		f = 10kHz	20			nV/√ Hz	TYP

5.5 Typical Performance characteristics

At $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_S=+5\text{V}$, and $R_L=100\text{K}\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



6 Application

Note

Size

MCOA8531/8532/8534 family series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the MCOA8531/8532/8534 family packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

MCOA8531/8532/8534 family series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.05\text{V}$ to $\pm 2.75\text{V}$ supplies. For best performance, a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical $18\mu\text{A}$ per channel) of MCOA8531/8532/8534 family will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

MCOA8531/8532/8534 family operates under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of MCOA8531/8532/8534 family extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ($V_{\text{SS}} - 0.1\text{V}$ to $V_{\text{DD}} + 0.1\text{V}$). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of MCOA8531/8532/8534 family can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads ($>100\text{k}\Omega$), and 30mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads ($10\text{k}\Omega$).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The MCOA8531/8532/8534 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

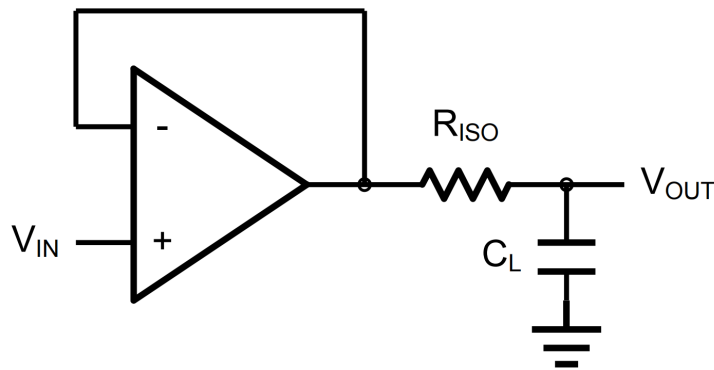


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response

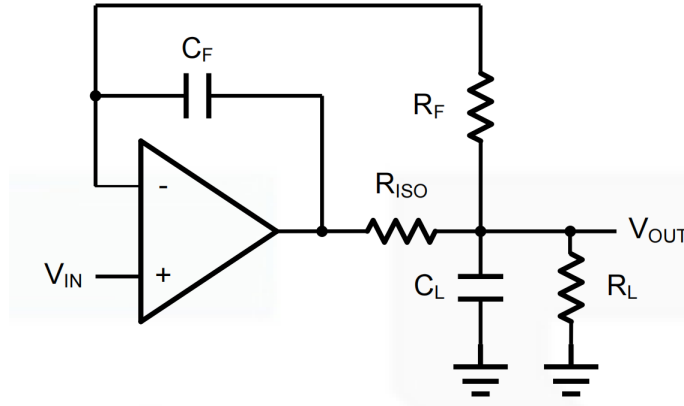


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

6.1 Typical Application Circuits

6.1.1 Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common to the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using MCOA8531/8532/8534 family.

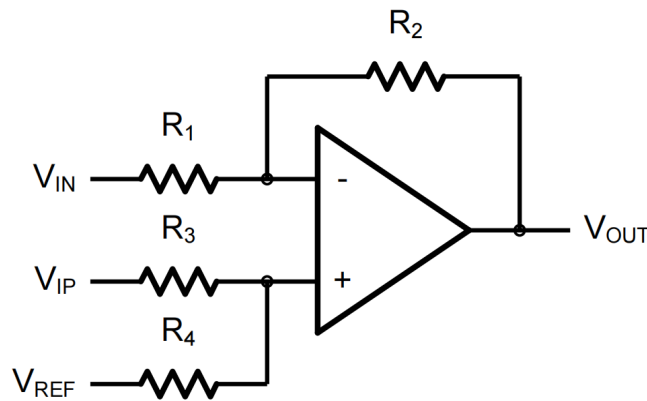


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{OUT} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4} \right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{IN} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{IP} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4} \right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{REF}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1 = R_3$ and $R_2 = R_4$), then

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) + V_{REF}$$

6.1.2 Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_c = 1/(2 R_3 C_1)$.

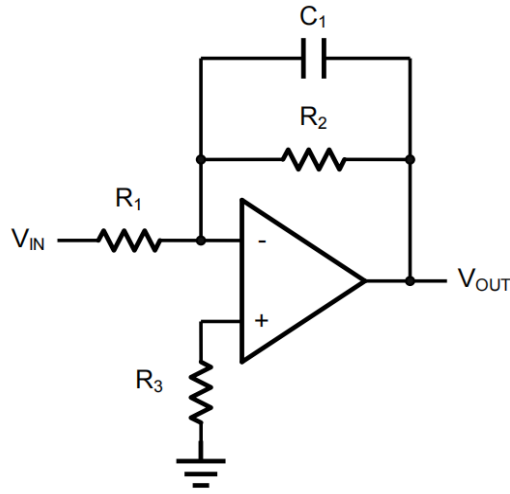


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

6.1.3 Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple MCOA8531/8532/8534 family can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

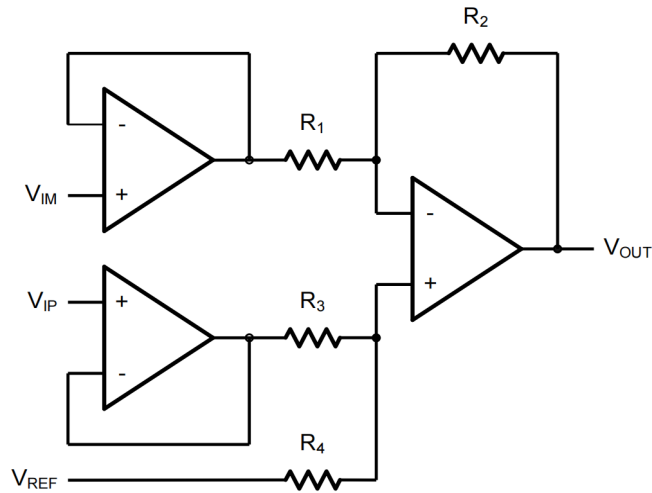
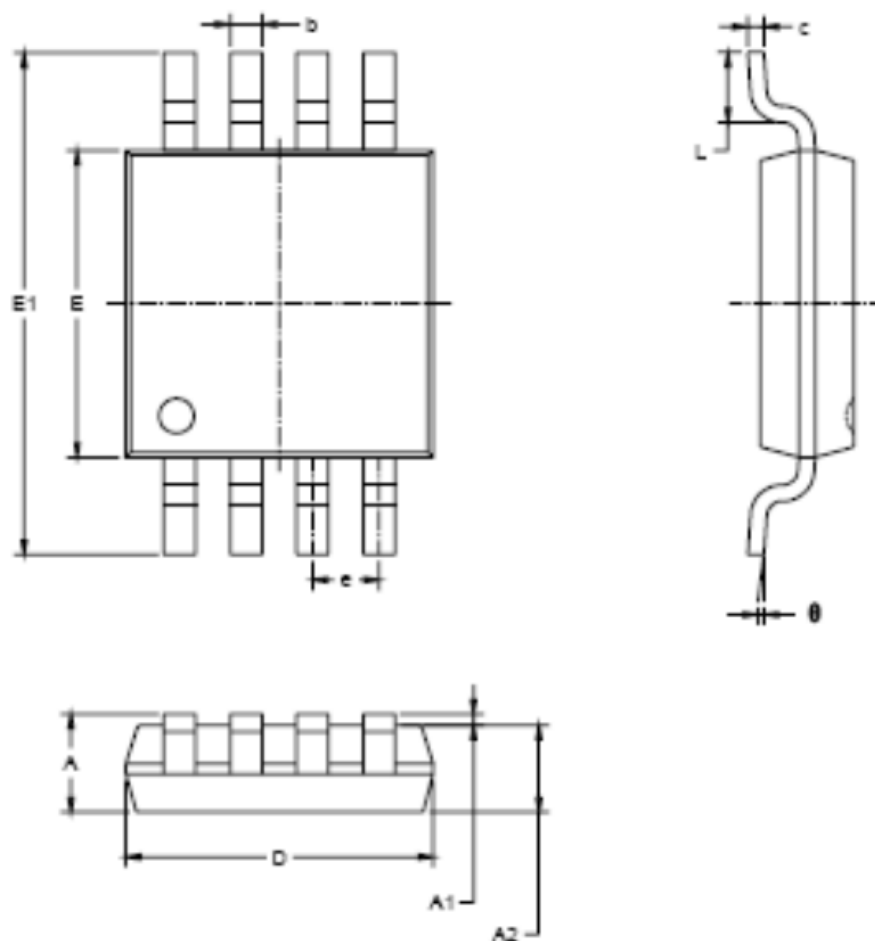
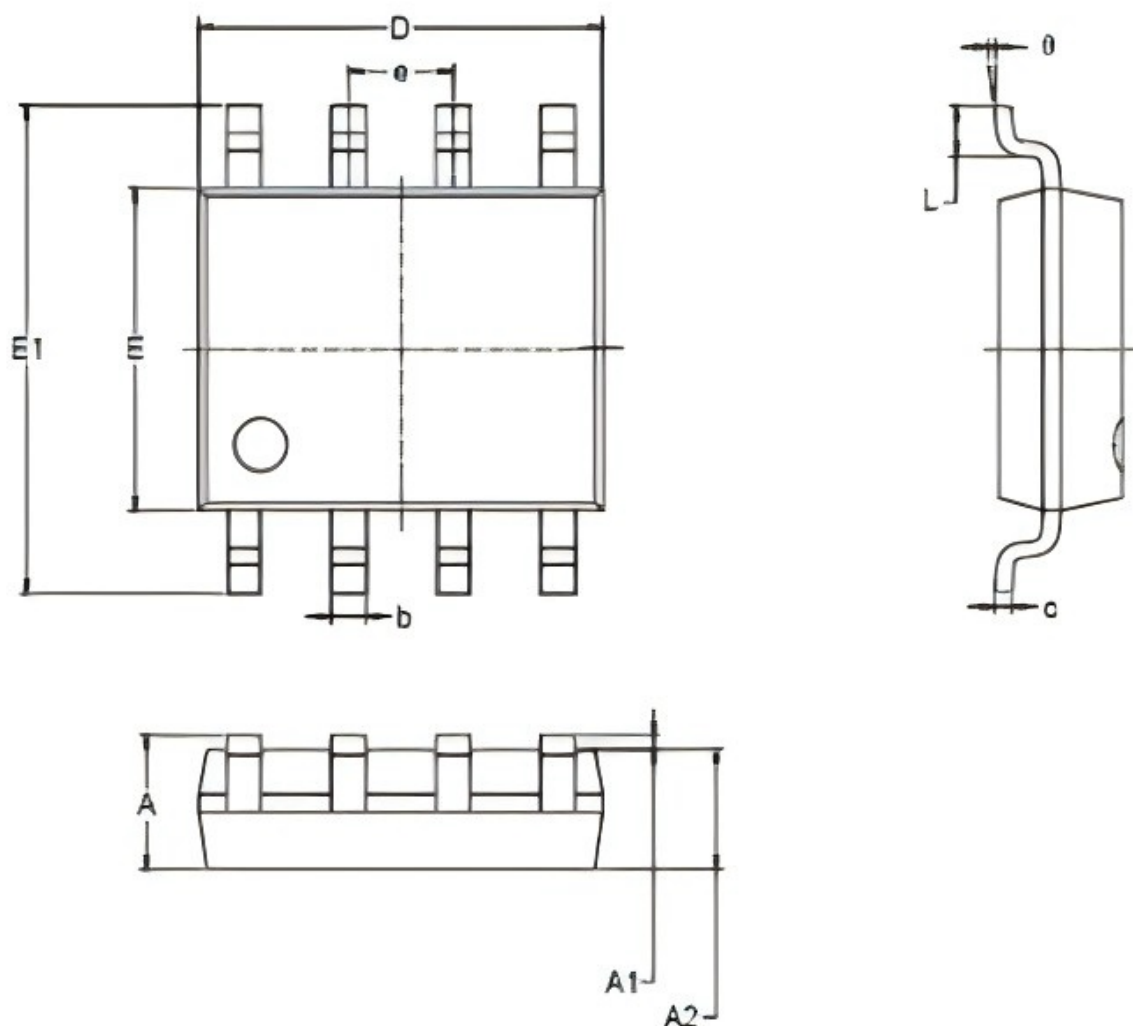


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

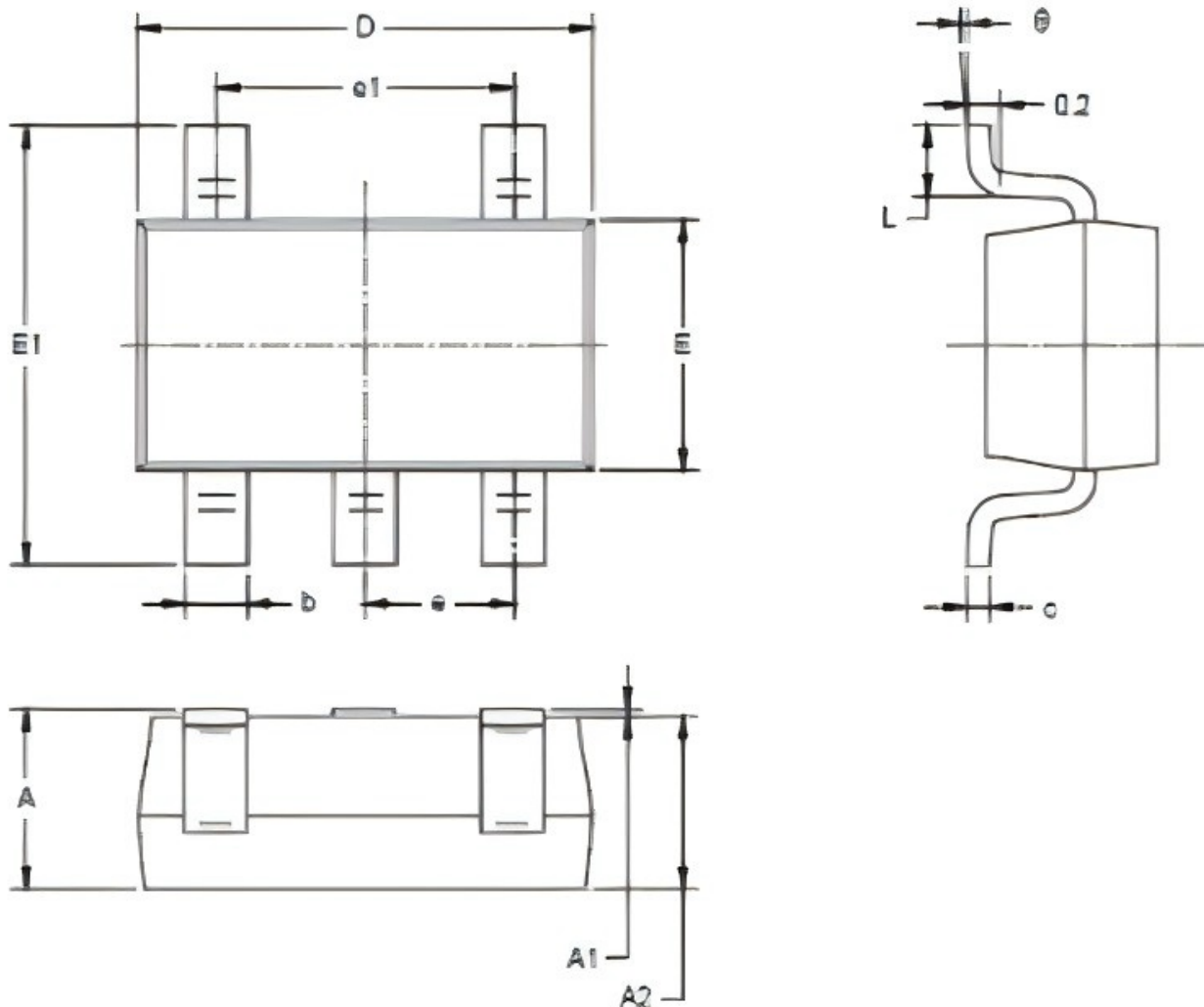
MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
MCOA8531	Single	MCOA8531-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8531
		MCOA8531-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8531
MCOA8532	Dual	MCOA8532-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	MCOA8532
		MCOA8532-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	MCOA8532
		MCOA8532-DR	DIP-8	20Tube(1000pcs)	MCOA8532
MCOA8534	Quad	MCOA8534-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	MCOA8534
		MCOA8534-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	MCOA8534



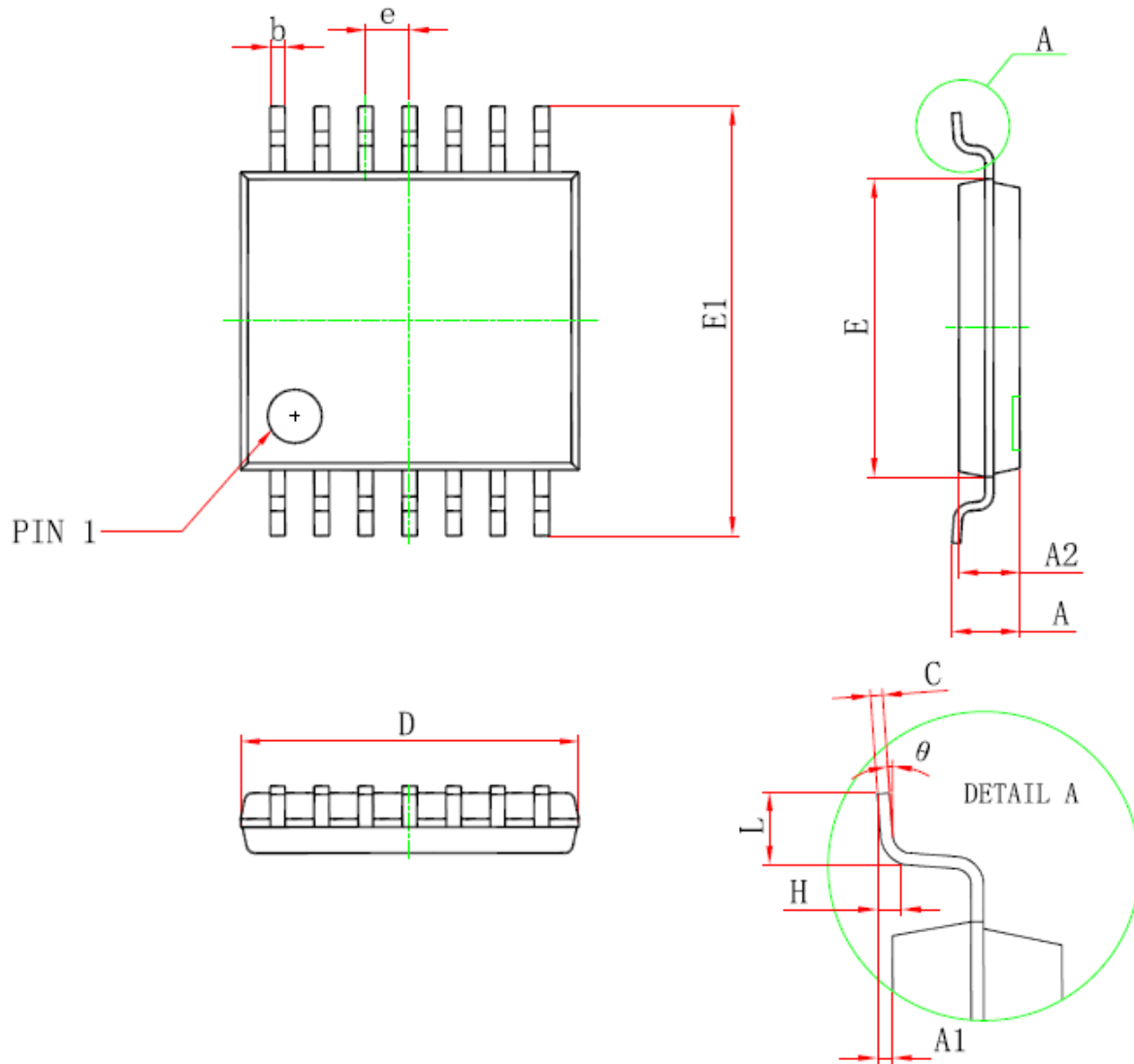
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	1.150	0.001	0.006
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
c	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
e	0.650 BSC		0.026 BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°



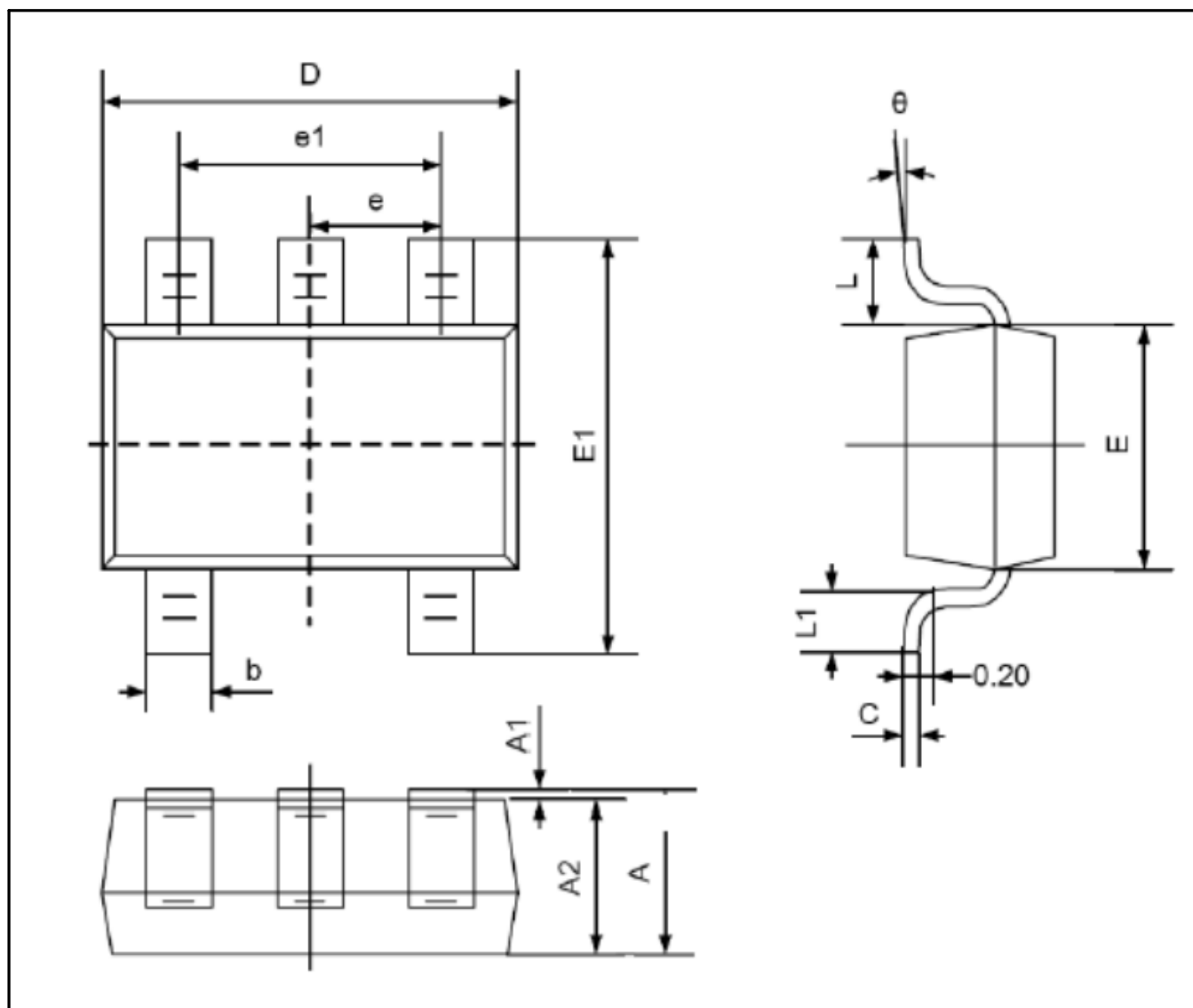
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.270 BSC		0.050BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950 BSC		0.037 BSC	
e1	1.900 BSC		0.075 BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°



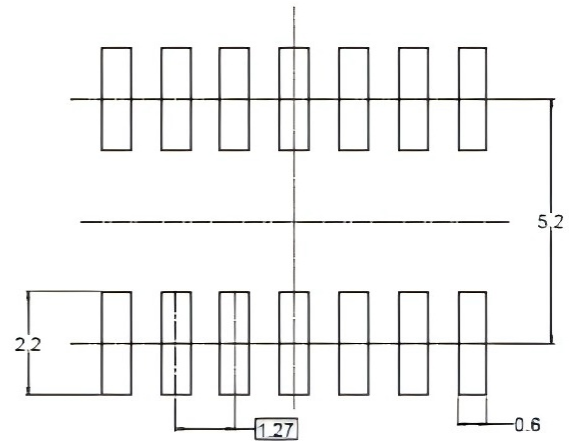
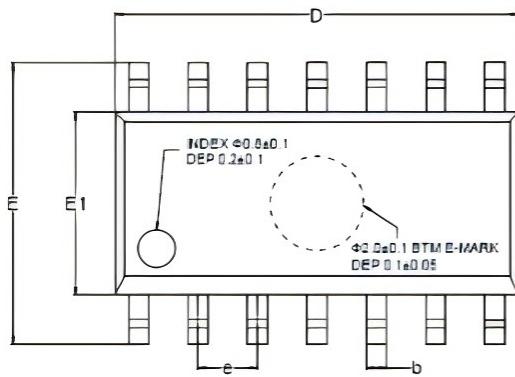
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
D	4.900	5.100	0.193	0.201
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012
c	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258
A		1.200		0.047
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
e	0.650 BSC		0.026 BSC	
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028
H	0.250 TYP		0.010 TYP	
θ	1°	7°	1°	7°



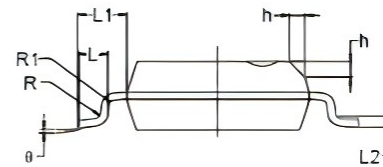
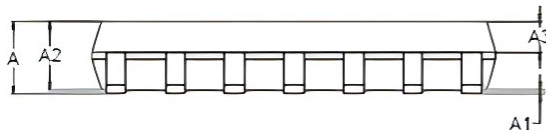
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014
c	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096
e	0.650 TYP		0.026 TYP	
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055
L	0.525 REF		0.021 REF	
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

SOP-14



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
A	1.350		1.750	0.053		0.069
A1	0.100		0.250	0.004		0.010
A2	1.250		1.650	0.049		0.065
A3	0.550		0.750	0.022		0.030
b	0.360		0.490	0.014		0.019
D	8.530		8.730	0.336		0.344
E	5.800		6.200	0.228		0.244
E1	3.800		4.000	0.150		0.157
e	1.270 BSC			0.050 TYP		
L	0.450		0.800	0.018		0.032
L1		1.040 REF			0.040 REF	
L2		0.250 BSC			0.010 BSC	
R	0.070			0.003		
R1	0.070			0.003		
h	0.300		0.500	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°